

Empowering a Pan-European Network to Counter Hybrid Threats

Hybrid threats and Critical Infrastructure Protection



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EU-CIP Project & ECSCI Cluster 1st Annual Conference on CI Resilience





Project in Nutshell



General information













EU-HYBNET structure – process and content



Project Cycle 4 (Sep 2024 – April 2025)

EU-HYB

Final outcome of EU-HYBNET

- Increased membership of practitioners, industry, SME and academic actors in the European network against hybrid threats
- Research results that foster European actors to take measures against hybrid
- Innovations that support European actors to take measures against threats
- Industrialization and standardization recommendations
- Results feed into EU procurement and investment processes
- Trainings, training material & trained personnel that enhance European capabilities to act against hybrid





Definitions and Approaches



The Conceptual Model to Characterise Hybrid Threats





Conceptual Model: <u>https://publications.jrc.ec.europa.eu/reposito</u>ry/handle/JRC123305



Conceptual Model - domains of Hybrid Threats







The CORE Model to Characterise Hybrid Threats





https://joint-research-centre.ec.europa.eu/jrc-news-and-updates/new-method-help-policymakers-defend-democracy-against-hybrid-threats-2023-04-20_en https://www.hybridcoe.fi/publications/hybrid-threats-a-comprehensive-resilience-ecosystem/











Gaps and needs &

Innovations





Core Theme: Resilient Civilians, Local Level and National Administration

Core Theme: Cyber and Future Technologies

Threats	Domains		Threats	Domains
Exploitation of existing political cleavages	Political, Public administration, Social/societal	0	Space interference and counter- space weapons	Space, Cyber, Military/defence
Exploitation of critical infrastructure weaknesses & economic dependencies	Infrastructure, Economy, Cyber	0	Offensive cyber capabilities	Cyber, Infrastructure
Exploitation or investment in companies by foreign actors	Political, Economy	0	Disruptive innovation (5G, AI)	Political, Social/societal, Mili tary/defence

Core Theme: Information and Strategic Communication

Threats	Domains
Information manipulation with the aim of destabilization	Information, Cyber
Foreign interference in key information institutions	Political, Culture
Promoted ideological extremism and violence	Information, intelligence, Legal

Core Theme: Future Trends of Hybrid Threats

Threats	Domains
Geopolitical heavyweight of	Political, Economy,
domestic policy	Infrastructure
Digital escalation and AI-	Cyber,
based exploitation	Military/defence, Political
Rise of populism	Political, Social/societal, Information

Based on EU-HYBNET Report/D2.10 (JRC) and Conceptual Model

Every innovation need vision, mission and strategy. Innovations in 2022-2023



EU-F



Results 2023: Promising Innovations to Counter Hybrid Threats



More information about 2023 results you can find under this link

WINS Innovation

- WINS is a methodological approach to discover what information needs to be shared in order to enhance
 Critical Infrastructure (CI) entities resilience to counter hybrid threats & to be prepare for them
- WINS builds on CISAE innovation; CISAE was identified as promising innovation and solution during the 1st EU-HYBNET project working cycle to support CI entities to counter hybrid threats
- *CISAE* (A common Information Sharing and Analysis environment) is answering to the question of how to share CI information between CI stakeholders.



CISAE - CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE INFORMATION BUILDING BLOCKS





- In the core: detection of anomalies gives early indicators of compromise/attack.
- This systemic anomaly detection solution allows CI providers to <u>early detect hybrid threats</u> and early prevent larger effects on the European CI.
- Even though it is not part of CI entities duties to detect that something what occurs is in fact that part of a
 broader hybrid threat campaign, still this information discovery may now be reached and support CI entities to
 be prepared for further challenges and/or support to reduce and cut the strength of the hybrid threat
 campaign.

E.G.

• By knowing that certain foreign direct investments together with cyber espionage and riots have in other similar CI entities cases followed by exploiting thresholds, gaps and uncertainty in law and harming in this way CI entities functions and society **may provide situational awareness on emerging risk and hybrid threat campaign**



WINS Innovation

- WINS (what to share?) builds on CISAE "Honey Comb" Approach (how to share?)
- WINS promotes use of: (i) Stress Tests, (ii) "What If?" Scenarios, (iii) Attack Tree Approach

CISAE – Honey Comb Approach

WINS – Stress Tests, "What If?" Scenarios, Attack Tree Approach









Core Theme: Resilient Civilians, Local Level and National Administration

Threats	Domains
Spreading violence	Intelligence, Social/societal, Culture
Attack on social structures	Social/societal, Culture Legal, Intelligence
Undermining institutions' internal organisation	Political, Social/societal, Legal, Administration

Core Theme: Information and Strategic Communication

Threats	Domains
Media conundrum	Information, Cyber, Social/societal
Antagonizing victimization narratives in the informational space	Information, Political, Culture
Attack on information	Information, Intelligence, Legal

Core Theme: Cyber and Future Technologies

Threats	Domains
Stealing data attacking individuals	Cyber, Information, Cyber
Online manipulation attacking democracy	Cyber, Information, Political
Attack on services	Infrastructures, Cyber, Military/Defence, Social/soc ietal, Administration

Core Theme: Future Trends of Hybrid Threats

Threats	Domains
Political deficiency	Political, Information, Administration
New agit-prop	Cyber, Military/defence, Political , Legal
Substitutive reality	Social/societal, Information



Based on EU-HYBNET Report/D2.11 (JRC) and Conceptula & CORE Model This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 883054



3rd Innovation and Knowledge Exchange Workshop

Valencia, 7th NOV 2023

- Goal: to present and have further analysis on promising innovations to the identified pan-European gaps and needs to counter Hybrid Threats
- Arranged by EOS & PLV, more information angeliki.tsanta@eos-eu.com

2nd Innovation Standardization Workshop

Valencia, 8th NOV 2023

- Goal: To develop recommendations for activities regarding the development & implementation of most promising EU-HYBNET's identified four innovations to counter hybrid threats
- Innovations representing (i) <u>critical infrastructure</u> & (ii) Information Manipulation and Interference
- JOIN & PRESENT your Case-Study!
- Arranged by PPHS & PLV, more informaiton <u>malgorzata.wolbach@ppbw.pl</u>

Role of LEAs in Combating Hybrid Threats

ON-LINE, 26th OCT, 13.00-15.00 CEST

- Arranged by PPHS together with CyberSpace LEA Project Cluster
- Register https://euhybnet.eu/events/



https://euhybnet.eu/events/





Network





EU-HYBNET Network extension 2020 >>





EU-HYBNET Network Members in Spring 2023 – Welcome to join!

Practitioners

- 24 institutions
- 10 in consortium
- from 14 countries:

Italy, Germany, Slovakia, Poland, Sweden, Luxemburg, Georgia, France, Finland, Netherlands, Norway, Romania, Belgium





- 32 institutions
- 11 in consortium
- from 16 countries:

Italy, Germany, Austria, Poland, Georgia, France, Finland, Netherland, Norway, Romania, Belgium, Greece, Spain, Ukraine, Croatia, Bulgaria



- 4
- 21 institutions
- 2 in consortium
- from 9 countries:

Sweden, Germany, Austria, Belgium, France, Netherlands, Romania, Finland, Spain 16 institutions

NGOs

- 2 in consortium
- from 12 countries:

Czech Republic, Slovakia, Latvia, Poland, Belgium, France, Lithuania, Italy, Finland, Portugal, Croatia, Romania

Welcome to join the Network! More details about Members & how to join: <u>here.</u>









Protection of Critical Infrastructures from advanced combined cyber and physical threats



1ST ANNUAL CONFERENCE ON CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROTECTION & ECSCI WORKSHOP

PRAETORIAN Project Overview

Lazaros Papadopoulos – ICCS/NTUA





PRAETORIAN AT A GLANCE

- Coordinator: EDF
- 23 partners from 7 EU countries
- 3 pilot sites in 4 EU Member States
- Total budget: 9,04 M€
- Total funding: 7,58 M€
- Start date: 01/06/2021
- End date: 30/09/2023



PRAETORIAN strategic goal is to increase the security and resilience of European CIs, facilitating the coordinated protection of **interrelated CIs** against combined physical and cyber threats.



Technological objectives

Evaluate hazards and minimize their level of risk

Improve the understanding of any physical or cyber threat Improve the resilience of the Cls, enable coordinated response to attacks

Share with the public information on the risks

Impact and user-oriented objectives

Validate in real contexts of interdependent CIs

Ensure compliance with legal, ethical, privacy, and societal principles Disseminate results to relevant communities of users





























PRAETORIAN YouTube channel



Any questions or comments Thank you!

Lazaros Papadopoulos - <u>Ipapadop@microlab.ntua.gr</u>



https://praetorian-h2020.eu/

https://twitter.com/PraetorianH2020

@Praetorian2020

) <u>https://www.linkedin.com/company/praetorian-h2020</u> @praetorian-2020



PRECINCT

Preparedness and Resilience Enforcement for Critical INfrastructure Cascading Cyberphysical Threats

PRESENTED BY.

Kevin Fleming (ICP, project coordinator)



Outline

01. PRECINCT Challenge & Vision
02. PRECINCT Digital Twin
03. Video Demonstration
04. Koy Takoaways

04. Key Takeaways



PRECINT Challenge & Vision



The Challenge

Lack of Information Connectivity across Critical Infrastructure systems

- Multiple stakeholders -> siloed operations
- Lack of global situation awareness
- Limited preparedness on incident cascading effects across systems



Information Silos

Suboptimal crisis management

→ Siloed operations prevent timely and coordinated response actions



A single incident can have severe impact on multiple services





PRECINCT Vision

PRECINCT aims to connect private and public CI stakeholders in a geographical area to a common cyberphysical security management approach via Digital Twins

Enable interdependent CIs and Public authorities to plan for, prevent, absorb, recover from and adapt efficiently and effectively to cyber-physical threats / attacks as well as impede their cascading effects.





6

Capacity Building, Dissemination, Exploitation Strategy and Policy and Standardisation Recommendations

PRECINCT partners Prometni institut Ljubljana d.o.o. Institute of Traffic and Transport Ljubljana I.I.c. PRECINCT Barcelona Supercomputing BSC "HNOLOGY Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación EUROPEAN ORGANISATION Zapelji se na www.lpp.si 🗟 Tallinn P Slovenske železnice AND REGIONS FOR TRANSPORT INNOVATIO ATHENS ISTITUTO sui TRASPOR e la LOGISTICA INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT ELEFTHERIOS VENIZELOS NUROGAMES LIVITA 390 SECONILA ATTIKO METRO S.A ATTIKES DIADROMES S.J PASSION FOR **TECHNOLOGIES** ENGINEERING Telekom<mark>Slovenije</mark> Aeroporto di Bologna ADVANCING Elektro PUBLIC Ljubljana unec TRANSPORT Aeroporto Guglielmo Marconi di Bologna S.p.A. UCD tecnalia montimage Inspiring Business STRIAN INSTITUTE C water-link **KU LEUVEN** inlecor LUXEMBOURG Institute of science And technology Comhairle Contae County Council onfederation of rganisations in

Transport

institute







PRECINCT Digital Twin



Digital Twin Goals

Build a software solution consolidating:

- ✓ Data across Cls in a common representation
- ✓ Inter-Cl incident dynamics
- ✓ Resilience metrics
- ✓ Incident detection & simulation tools
- ✓ **Decision-support** for crisis management





Building the Digital Twin





Define a **common representation** for Cl data ingested from **different systems**

Model **incident dynamics** and **cascading effects** for simulations



for decision-support



Expose in **unifying user interface**



Digital Twin Features



Live Situational Awareness



CI Systems Incident History . [] * 37 MS Koron CI Asset METRO _neo4j MS Korop Report Incident Multi-Cl Simulate Event Knowledge Graph

Digital Twin Dashboard



Network Resilience

Simulation of Cascading Effects



Building of Interdependency Graph



Modelling of incident propagation



Graph of CI assets and their interdependencies



Simulation of Cascading Effects



						aic
Casca	ding E	ffect Simulator				x
	1. Plei	ase select a node th	at you want to	trigger		
	Sele	ct a Node		Select a Trigger	Add Trigger	
						A
	MS_	shutdown				
						2
	2. Sele	ect the number of s	imulations			
		Start New Simulation	n			



✓ Simulation parameterization

✓ Visualization of Cascading Effects

Incident Detection & Reporting





Crea	te Incident	
	1. Please write a title for the incident	
	2. Please write a description	
	3. Fill the rest incident information	
	Event type Severity V	
	Priority	
	Scale Of Impact V Recipients	
	4. Select if you want to Report to coordinator center.	
	Report Incident	

✓ Incidents detected by PRECINCT security monitoring tools

 ✓ Manual reporting of incidents by CI operators



Decision-Support in Crisis Management





 ✓ Calculation of optimal mitigation actions to restore resilience



✓ Feature integrated in the CI DT





Video Demonstration



PRECINCT LL3 -Athens Digital Twin





Key Takeaways

Key Takeaways

- Significant value lies in bridging the silos and leveraging inter-system dynamics
- CI systems are highly interconnected; optimal operational resilience depends on achieving connected intelligence
- The PRECINCT project tackles the above by building a unifying DT framework for CIs, focused on cyber-physical threats





Thank you THE END

